AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend Claims 1, 8, 14, 55, 82, 84-85 and 87-88 as shown herein. In addition, please cancel Claims 7, 50-54 and 56-59, and add new Claims 89-99.

(CURRENTLY AMENDED) A compound of formula (I)

$$Ar_1 \xrightarrow{Y_2} Y_1 \xrightarrow{N} X_1 X_2 \xrightarrow{Ar_2}$$

wherein

Z is

in which

R is a hydrogen, a straight-chained or branched alkynl, a straight-chained or branched alkenyl, a straight-chained or branched alkynyl, a cycloalkyl (C_{1.6} alkyl), a lower hydroxyalkyl group, a lower aminoalkyl group, an aralkyl or a heteroaralkyl group;

n is 1;

X₁ is methylene and X₂ is methylene or a bond;

Y₁ is methylene and Y₂ is methylene or a bond;

 Ar_1 and Ar_2 independently are unsubstituted or substituted aryl groups or unsubstituted or substituted heteroaryl groups, provided that Ar_1 and Ar_2 are not simultaneously unsubstituted phenyl; and

W is oxygen or sulfur; or

a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug-thereof.

(PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim 1, wherein R is
hydrogen, a straight-chained or branched alkyl, a straight-chained or branched alkenyl, a
straight-chained or branched alkynyl, a cycloalkyl (C₁₋₆ alkyl) or a lower
hydroxyalkyl group.

3. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim 2, wherein W is oxygen.

4. (ORIGINAL) A compound according to claim 3, wherein

Ar₁ and Ar₂ independently are mono- or disubstituted phenyl groups.

5. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim 4, wherein

R is a hydrogen, a straight-chained or branched alkyl, a straight-chained or branched

alkenyl, a straight-chained or branched alkynyl, a cycloalkyl, or a cycloalkyl(C_{1-6} alkyl);

 Y_1 is methylene, Y_2 is a bond or methylene;

X1 is methylene and X2 is a bond; and

 Ar_1 and Ar_2 are phenyl groups, independently p-substituted with groups selected from lower alkyl, lower alkoxy and halogen.

6. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim 1, having a formula (II)

11

wherein RN is hydrogen or lower alkyl;

ArL is selected from lower alkyl, lower alkoxy and halogen;

ArR is selected from lower alkyl, lower alkoxy and halogen;

k is 1 or 2:

and A is a suitable anion.

- 7. (CANCELED)
- 8. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A compound of formula (I)

$$Ar_1$$
 Y_2 Y_1 X_2 X_1 X_2 Ar_2

wherein

Z is

in which

R is a hydrogen, a straight-chained or branched alkyl, a straight-chained or branched alkenyl, a straight-chained or branched alkynyl, a cycloalkyl (C₁₋₆ alkyl), a lower hydroxyalkyl group, a lower aminoalkyl group, an aralkyl or a heteroaralkyl group;

n is 1;

X₁ is methylene and X₂ is methylene or a bond;

Y₁ is methylene and Y₂ is methylene or a bond;

 Ar_1 and Ar_2 are different unsubstituted or substituted aryl groups or unsubstituted or substituted heteroaryl groups; and

W is oxygen or sulfur; or

a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.

- (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim 8, wherein R is hydrogen, a straight-chained or branched alkyl, a straight-chained or branched alkenyl, a straight-chained or branched alkynyl, a cycloalkyl, a cycloalkyl(C₁₋₆ alkyl) or a lower hydroxyalkyl group.
- 10. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim 9, wherein W is oxygen.
- 11. (ORIGINAL) A compound according to claim 10, wherein

 $\ensuremath{\mathrm{Ar}}_1$ and $\ensuremath{\mathrm{Ar}}_2$ independently are mono- or disubstituted phenyl groups.

12. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim 11, wherein

R is a hydrogen, a straight-chained or branched alkyl, a straight-chained or branched alkenyl, a straight-chained or branched alkenyl, a cycloalkyl, or a cycloalkyl(C₁₋₆ alkyl);

Y1 is methylene and Y2 is a bond or methylene;

X1 is methylene and X2 is a bond; and

 Λr_1 and Λr_2 are phenyl groups, independently p-substituted with groups selected from alkyl, lower alkoxy and halogen.

(PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim [[7]]8, having a formula 13. (II):

wherein RN is hydrogen or lower alkyl;

ArL is selected from lower alkyl, lower alkoxy and halogen;

ArR is selected from lower alkyl, lower alkoxy and halogen;

k is 1 or 2;

and A' is a suitable anion.

14. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of a compound of formula (I):

$$Ar_1 \xrightarrow{Y_2} Y_1 \xrightarrow{X} W \xrightarrow{X_1} X_2 \xrightarrow{Ar_2}$$

wherein

Z is

in which

R is a hydrogen, a straight-chained or branched alkyl, a straight-chained or branched alkenyl, a straight-chained or branched alkynyl, a cycloalkyl, or a cycloalkyl(C₁₋₆ alkyl), a lower hydroxyalkyl group, a lower aminoalkyl group, an aralkyl or heteroaralkyl group;

n is 1;

X₁ is methylene and X₂ is methylene or a bond;

Y₁ is methylene and Y₂ is methylene or a bond;

 Ar_1 and Ar_2 independently are unsubstituted or substituted aryl or heteroaryl groups, provided that Ar_1 and Ar_2 are not simultaneously phenyl; and

W is oxygen or sulfur;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester or prodrug thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or excipient.

- 15. (WITHDRAWN) A method of inhibiting an activity of a monoamine receptor comprising contacting the monoamine receptor or a system containing the monoamine receptor with an amount of one or more of the compounds of claim 1 that is effective in inhibiting the activity of the monoamine receptor.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 15 wherein the monoamine receptor is a serotonin receptor.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 16 wherein the serotonin receptor is the 5-HT2A subclass.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 16 wherein the serotonin receptor is in the central nervous system.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 16 wherein the serotonin receptor is in the peripheral nervous system.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 16 wherein the serotonin receptor is in blood cells
 or platelets.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 16 wherein the serotonin receptor is mutated or modified.
- 22. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 15 wherein the activity is signaling activity.
- 23. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 15 wherein the activity is constitutive.

 (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 15 wherein the activity is associated with serotonin receptor activation.

- 25. (WITHDRAWN) A method of inhibiting an activation of a monoamine receptor comprising contacting the monoamine receptor or a system containing the monoamine receptor with an amount of a compound of one or more of the compounds of claim 1 that is effective in inhibiting the activation of the monoamine receptor.
- 26. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 25 wherein the activation is by an agonistic agent.
- 27. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 26 wherein the agonistic agent is exogenous.
- 28. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 26 wherein the agonistic agent is endogenous.
- 29. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 25 wherein the activation is constitutive.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 25 wherein the monoamine receptor is a serotonin receptor.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 30 wherein the serotonin receptor is the 5-HT2A subclass.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 30 wherein the serotonin receptor is in the central nervous system.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 30 wherein the serotonin receptor is in the peripheral nervous system.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 30 wherein the serotonin receptor is in blood cells or platelets.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 30 wherein the serotonin receptor is mutated or modified.
- 36. (WITHDRAWN) A method of treating a disease condition associated with a monoamine receptor comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of one or more of the compounds of claim 1.
- 37. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 36 wherein the disease condition is selected from the group consisting of schizophrenia, psychosis, migraine, hypertension, thrombosis, vasospasm, ischemia, depression, anxiety, sleep disorders and appetite disorders.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 36 wherein the disease condition is associated with dysfunction of a monoamine receptor.

 (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 36 wherein the disease condition is associated with activation of a monoamine receptor.

- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 36 wherein the disease condition is associated with increased activity of monoamine receptor.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 36 wherein the monoamine receptor is a serotonin receptor
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 41 wherein the serotonin receptor is the 5-HT2A subclass.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 41 wherein the serotonin receptor is in the central nervous system.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 41 wherein the serotonin receptor is in the peripheral nervous system.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 41 wherein the serotonin receptor is in blood cells or platelets.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 41 wherein the serotonin receptor is mutated or modified.
- 47. (WITHDRAWN) A method of treating schizophrenia comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of one or more of the compounds of claim 1.
- 48. (WITHDRAWN) A method of treating migraine comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of one or more of the compounds of claim 1.
- (WITHDRAWN) A method of treating psychosis comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of one or more of the compounds of claim 1.
- 50. (CANCELED)
- (CANCELED)
- 52. (CANCELED)
- 53. (CANCELED)
- 54. (CANCELED)

(CURRENLTY AMENDED) The compound according to claim 1, wherein the Δ
compound [[is]] selected from the group consisting of:

N-(1-(3,3-dimethylbutyl)piperidin-4-yl)-N-((4-methylphenyl)methyl)-4methoxyphenylacetamide;

N-((4-methylphenyl)methyl) N (1-(2-methylpropyl)piperidin-4-yl)-4methoxyphenylacetamide:

- 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(4-methylbenzyl)-N (1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-acetamide;
- 2 (4 methoxyphenyl) N (4 methylbenzyl) N (1 ethylpiperidin 4 yl) acetamide;
- $\hbox{$2$-(4-methoxyphenyl)$ N-(4-chlorobenzyl)$ N-(1-ethylpiperidin-4-yl)$ acetamide;}$
- 2-(4-methoxyphenyl) N-(4-methylbenzyl) N-(1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)
 acetamide:

2-(4-methoxyphenyl) N (4-chlorobenzyl) N (1-isopropylpiperidin 4-yl) acetamide:

- 2 (phenyl)-N-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide;
- 2 (4-fluorophenyl) N (4-trifluoromethylbenzyl) N (1-methylpiperidin 4-yl) acetamide:
- 2 (4 Methoxyphenyl) N (4 trifluoromethylbenzyl) N (1 methylpiperidin 4 yl) acetamide;
- $\frac{2\cdot (4\cdot Trifluoromethylphenyl) \ N\cdot (4\cdot trifluoromethylbenzyl) \ N\cdot (1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)\ acetamide;}{}$
 - 2-(4-Fluorophenyl) N (4-fluorobenzyl) N (1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide;
 - 2-(4-Methoxyphenyl) N-(4-fluorobenzyl) N-(1-methylpiperidin 4-yl) acetamide;
 - 2-(phenyl) N (4 fluorobenzyl) N (1-methylpiperidin 4-yl) acetamide;
- 2-(4-Trifluoromethylphenyl) N (4-fluorobenzyl) N (1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide:
- 2-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl) N [4-(methoxycarbonyl)benzyl] N (1-methylpiperidin 4-yl) acetamide;
 - 2-Phenyl-N [4 (methoxycarbonyl)benzyl]-N (1-methylpiperidin 4-yl) acetamide;
- 2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N-[4 (methoxycarbonyl)benzyl]-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide:

2-(4-Methoxyphenyl) N-[4-(methoxycarbonyl)benzyl] N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide:

2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl]-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide;

2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide;

2 (4 methoxyphenyl) N [2-(2,5-dimethoxyphenyl) - ethyl] N (1-methylpiperidin-4yl) acetamide;

2-(4-methoxyphenyl) N [2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl) ethyl] N (1-methylpiperidin 4-yl) acetamide;

 $\frac{2 \cdot (4 \cdot methoxyphenyl) \cdot N \cdot \{2 \cdot (3 \cdot chlorophenyl) - ethyl] \cdot N \cdot (1 \cdot methylpiperidin \cdot 4 \cdot yl)}{acetamide}$

2-(4-methoxyphenyl) N [2-(4-methoxyphenyl) ethyl] N (1-methylpiperidin 4-yl) acetamide;

 $\frac{2 \cdot (4 \cdot methoxyphenyl) \cdot N \cdot \{2 \cdot (3 \cdot fluorophenyl) \qquad ethyl] \cdot N \cdot (1 \cdot methylpiperidin \cdot 4 \cdot yl)}{acetamide}$

2 (4-ethoxyphenyl) N [2 (4-fluorophenyl)ethyl] N (1-methylpiperidin 4-yl) acetamide:

 $2. (4. {\it ethoxyphenyl}) \, N. (4. {\it fluorobenzyl}) \cdot N. (1. {\it methylpiperidin} \cdot 4. {\it yl}) \, acetamide;$

N-((4-methylphenyl)methyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-(3-hydroxyl-4methoxyphenyl) acetamide;

 $\label{eq:N-(4-methylphenyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-(3,4-dihydroxyphenyl)} \\ acetamide:$

N-((3-hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)methyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl) acetamide;

N-((4-methylphenyl)methyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-(4-bromophenyl) acetamide;

 $\label{eq:N-(4-methylphenyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-(4-iodophenyl)} \\ acetamide;$

 $\label{eq:N-(4-methylphenyl)} N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-(4-(2-propyl)phenyl)$ acetamide:

N-((4-methylphenyl)methyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-(4trifluoromethoxyphenyl) acetamide;

 $\label{eq:N-(4-methylphenyl)} N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-(4-methylthiophenyl) acetamide:$

N-((4-methylphenyl)methyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-(4-(N,N'-dimethylamino)phenyl) acetamide;

 $\label{eq:N-(4-methylphenyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-(4-nitrophenyl)} \\ acetamide:-$

N-((4-methylphenyl)methyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-(4-methoxy-3-methylphenyl) acetamide;

 $\label{eq:N-(4-methylphenyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-(4-methylphenyl)} \ \ acctamide: \\$

N-((4-(hydroxymethyl)phenyl)methyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-(4methoxyphenyl) acetamide:

N-((4-methylphenyl)methyl)-N-(1-phenylmethyl)piperdin-4-yl)-4methoxyphenylacetamide;

N-((4-methyl)phenyl)methyl)-N-[(1-phenylmethyl)piperdin-4-yl]-2-(4methoxyphenyl)thioacetamide;

2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl]-N-(1-methylpiperdin-4-yl) acctamide;

2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-N-(1-methylpiperdin-4-yl) acetamide;

2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(4-methylbenzyl)-N-[1-(2-methylthiazol-4-ylmethyl)piperdin-4-yl] acetamide; and

2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(4-chlorobenzyl)-N-(1-methylpiperdin-4-yl) acetamide.

2 (4 Chlorophenyl) N (4 methylbenzyl) N (1 isopropylpiperidin 4 yl) acetamide;

- 2-(4-Chlorophenyl) N-(4-methylbenzyl) N-(1-ethylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide;
- 2-Phenyl-N-(4-methylbenzyl) N-(1-methylpiperidin 4-yl) acetamide
- 2-(4-Chlorophenyl) N (4-methylbenzyl) N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-acetamide;
- 2-(4-Fluorophenyl) N-(4-methylbenzyl) N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide;
- 2 (4 Chlorophenyl) N (4-methylbenzyl) N (1 (2-hydroxyethyl) piperidin 4-yl)

acetamide;

- 2-Phenyl N-(4-methoxybenzyl) N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-acetamide;
- 2 (4 Trifluoromethylphenyl) N (4-methoxybenzyl) N (1-methylpiperidin 4-yl)-acetamide:
 - $\hbox{$2$-(4-Fluorophenyl)-N-(4-methoxybenzyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-acetamide;}$
 - 2-(4-Methoxyphenyl) N-(4-methoxybenzyl) N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)

acetamide;

- 2 (4 Methylphenyl) N (4-chlorobenzyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide;
 - 2-(4-Hydroxyphenyl) N-(4-methylbenzyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide;
 - 2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl) N-(4-methylbenzyl) N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)

acetamide:

- 2-(4-Methoxyphenyl) N (4-methylbenzyl) N (1-t-butylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide;
- 2 (4-Ethoxyphenyl)-N-(4-methylbenzyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide;
- 2 (4 Butoxyphenyl) N (4-methylbenzyl) N (1-methylpiperidin 4 yl) acetamide; and
 - 2 (4 i Propoxyphenyl) N (4-methylbenzyl) N (1-methylpiperidin 4-yl) acetamide.
- (CANCELED)
- (CANCELED)
- 58. (CANCELED)
- (CANCELED)
- 60. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim 1, wherein

R is a lower alkyl group;

Y₁ is methylene and Y₂ is a bond;

X₁ is methylene and X₂ is a bond; and

Ar₁ and Ar₂ are unsubstituted or substituted phenyl groups.

61. (CANCELED)

62. (CANCELED)

- 63. (CANCELED)
- 64. (CANCELED)
- 65. (CANCELED)
- 66. (WITHDRAWN) A method of alleviating a condition associated with non-selective antipsychotic compounds comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a one or more of the compounds of claim 1 to a subject suffering from said condition.
- 67. (WITHDRAWN) The method according to claim 66, wherein the compound of claim 1 is a selective antagonist or inverse agonist of a 5-HT2A receptor.
- 68. (WITHDRAWN) The method of according to claim 66, wherein the compound of claim 1 has little to no activity on other monamine receptors.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method according to claim 68, wherein one of the other monamine receptors is a dopamine D2 receptor.
- 70. (WITHDRAWN) The method according to claim 66, wherein Z is

and W is oxygen in the compound of claim 1.

71. (WITHDRAWN) The method according to claim 66, wherein

R is a hydrogen, a lower alkyl group, a cyclic organyl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl or heteroaralkyl group;

n is 1;

Y₁ is methylene, Y₂ is a bond, methylene, ethylene, or vinylene;

 X_1 is methylene and X_2 is a bond, or X_1 is NH or N(lower alkyl) and X_2 is methylene; and

 Ar_1 and Ar_2 are phenyl groups, independently p-substituted with groups selected from lower alkyl, lower alkoxy and halogen in the compound of claim 1.

(WITHDRAWN) A method of alleviating a condition which is a side effect which can
arise in an individual who takes an antipsychotic compound which possess broad activity

at multiple monamine receptors subtypes, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of one or more of the compounds of claim 1 to subject suffering from said condition.

- (WITHDRAWN) The method according to claim 72, wherein the compound of claim 1 is a selective antagonist or inverse agonist of a 5-HT2A receptor.
- 74. (WITHDRAWN) The method of according to claim 72, wherein the compound of claim 1 has little to no activity on other monamine receptors.
- (WITHDRAWN) The method according to claim 74, wherein one of the other monamine receptors is a dopamine D2 receptor.
- 76. (WITHDRAWN) The method according to claim 72, wherein Z is

and W is oxygen in the compound of claim 1.

77. (WITHDRAWN) The method according to claim 72, wherein

R is a hydrogen, a lower alkyl group, a cyclic organyl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl or heteroaralkyl group;

n is 1;

Y₁ is methylene, Y₂ is a bond, methylene, ethylene, or vinylene;

 X_1 is methylene and X_2 is a bond, or X_1 is NH or N(lower alkyl) and X_2 is methylene; and

 Ar_1 and Ar_2 are phenyl groups, independently p-substituted with groups selected from lower alkyl, lower alkoxy and halogen in the compound of claim 1.

78. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim 1, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide;

2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-N-(2-thicnylmethyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide; 2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-N-(furfuryl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl) acetamide;

and

 ${\small 2 (2-thienyl)-N-(4-methylphenylmethyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)} \qquad \text{acetamide};$

N-((4-methylphenyl)methyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-2-(4-pyridyl) acetamide.

- (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim 1, wherein R is aralkyl
 and heteroaralkyl.
- (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim 8, wherein R is aralkyl
 and heteroaralkyl.
- (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim 14, wherein R is aralkyl
 and heteroaralkyl
- (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A compound according to claim 4, wherein R is a straightchained or branched alkyl, a straight-chained or branched alkenyl, [[or]] a straightchained or branched alkynyl, a cycloalkyl or a cycloalkyl(C₁₋₆ alkyl).
- (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim 82, wherein Y₁ is methylene and Y₂ is a bond; and X₁ is methylene and X₂ is bond.
- 84. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A compound according to claim 83, wherein Ar₁ and Ar₂ are phenyl groups <u>carrying one or more substituents independently, independently psubstituted with groups selected from lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, [[and]] halogen, hydroxy, nitro, lower alkylamino, alkylsulfenyl and trifluoromethyl.</u>
- (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A compound according to claim 11 wherein R is a straightchained or branched alkyl, a straight-chained or branched alkenyl, [[or]] a straightchained or branched alkynyl, a cycloalkyl or a cycloalkyl(C_{1.6} alkyl).
- (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A compound according to claim 85, wherein Y₁ is methylene and Y₂ is a bond; and X₁ is methylene and X₂ is bond.
- 87. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A compound according to claim 86, wherein Ar₁ and Ar₂ are phenyl groups <u>carrying one or more substituents independently</u>, independently p-substituted with groups-selected from <u>lower</u> alkyl, lower alkoxy, [[and]] halogen, hydroxy, nitro, lower alkylamino, alkylsulfenyl and trifluoromethyl.
- (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A compound according to claim 60, wherein Ar₁ and Ar₂
 are phenyl groups <u>carrying one or more substituents independently</u>, independently p-

substituted with groups selected from lower alkyl, lower alkoy, [[and]] halogen, hydroxy, nitro, lower alkylamino, alkylsulfenyl and trifluoromethyl.

- (NEW) A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 14, wherein R is a straightchained or branched alkyl, a straight-chained or branched alkenyl, or a straight-chained or branched alkynyl, a cycloalkyl or a cycloalkyl(C₁₋₆ alkyl).
- (NEW) A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 89, wherein Y₁ is methylene and Y₂ is a bond; and X₁ is methylene and X₂ is bond.
- (NEW) A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 90, wherein Ar₁ and Ar₂ are
 phenyl groups carrying one or more substituents independently selected from a lower
 alkyl, lower alkoxy, halogen, hydroxy, nitro, lower alkylamino, alkylsulfenyl and
 trifluoromethyl.
- (NEW) A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 91, wherein Ar₁ and Ar₂ are
 phenyl groups carrying one or more substituents independently selected from a lower
 alkyl, lower alkoxy and halogen.
- 93. (NEW) A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 89, wherein W is oxygen.
- 94. (NEW) A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 93, wherein Ar₁ is an unsubstituted or substituted aryl; and Ar₂ is an unsubstituted or substituted aryl or an unsubstituted or substituted heteroaryl.
- (NEW) A compound according to claim 3, wherein Ar₁ is an unsubstituted or substituted aryl; and Ar₂ is an unsubstituted or substituted aryl or an unsubstituted or substituted heteroaryl.
- (NEW) A compound according to claim 84, wherein Ar₁ and Ar₂ are phenyl groups carrying one or more substituents independently selected from a lower alkyl, lower alkoxy and halogen.
- (NEW) A compound according to claim 10, wherein Ar₁ is an unsubstituted or substituted aryl; and Ar₂ is an unsubstituted or substituted aryl or an unsubstituted or substituted heteroaryl.
- (NEW) A compound according to claim 87, wherein Ar₁ and Ar₂ are phenyl groups carrying one or more substituents independently selected from a lower alkyl, lower alkoxy and halogen.

 (NEW) A compound according to claim 88, wherein Ar₁ and Ar₂ are phenyl groups carrying one or more substituents independently selected from a lower alkyl, lower alkoxy and halogen.